ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

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FINANCIAL SECTION

This section includes:

- Independent Auditors' Report
- Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Basic Financial Statements
- Required Supplementary Information
- Other Supplementary Information
- Supplemental Schedule

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

This section includes the opinion of the Library's independent auditing firm.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

January 6, 2021

Members of the Board of Trustees Zion-Benton Public Library District Zion, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Zion-Benton Public Library District, Illinois, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Library's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Zion-Benton Public Library District, Illinois, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Zion-Benton Public Library District, Illinois January 6, 2021 Page 2

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis as listed in the table of contents and budgetary information reported in the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Zion-Benton Public Library District, Illinois' basic financial statements. The other supplementary information and supplemental schedule are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information and supplemental schedule are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and supplemental schedule are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Lauterbach & Amen, LLP
LAUTERBACH & AMEN, LLP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2020

Our discussion and analysis of the Zion-Benton Public Library District's financial performance provides an overview of the Library's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the Library's financial statements, which begin on page 10.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The net position decreased by \$125,626 for the year ended June 30, 2020. Net position at the end of the year was \$3,599,465 compared to the net position of \$3,725,091 on June 30, 2019.
- During the year, government-wide revenues totaled \$2,553,568, while government-wide expenses totaled \$2,679,194, resulting in a decrease to net position of \$125,626.
- Total fund balances for the governmental funds were \$1,482,258 at June 30, 2020 compared to \$1,291,286 in the prior year, an increase of \$190,972, or 14.8 percent.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 10 - 12) provide information about the activities of the Library as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Library's finances.

Fund financial statements begin on page 13. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Library's operation in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Library's most significant funds.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements provide readers with a broad overview of the Library's finances, in a matter similar to a private-sector business. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10 - 12 of this report.

The Statement of Net Position reports information on all of the Library's assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Library is improving or deteriorating. Consideration of other nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the Library's property tax base, is needed to assess the overall health of the Library.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2020

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT – Continued

Government-Wide Financial Statements – Continued

Both of the government-wide financial statements report functions of the Library that are principally supported by taxes and charges for services revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the Library include culture and recreation.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Library, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The Library only maintains governmental funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the Library's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Library maintains eight individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Special Reserve Fund, and Building and Maintenance Fund, all of which are considered major funds. Data from the other five governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The Library adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of the governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule for these funds has been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 13 - 16 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2020

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT – Continued

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 17 - 37 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The following tables show that in the case of the Library, assets/deferred outflows exceeded liabilities/deferred liabilities by \$3,599,465.

	Net Position			
	2020	2019		
Current and Other Assets	\$ 3,949,341	3,625,088		
Capital Assets	2,201,797	2,454,675		
Total Assets	6,151,138	6,079,763		
Deferred Outflows	265,659	686,477		
Total Assets/Deferred Outflows	6,416,797	6,766,240		
Long-Term Liabilities	41,698	578,702		
Other Liabilities	49,381	38,846		
Total Liabilities	91,079	617,548		
Deferred Inflows	2,726,253	2,423,601		
Total Liabilities/Deferred Inflows	2,817,332	3,041,149		
Net Position				
Investment in Capital Assets	2,201,797	2,454,675		
Restricted	191,808	183,719		
Unrestricted	1,205,860	1,086,697		
Total Net Position	3,599,465	3,725,091		
		, , , -		

A large portion of the Library's net position (\$2,201,797, or 61.2 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (for example, land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding; however, currently the Library has no debt. The Library uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2020

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS – Continued

An additional portion, \$191,808, or 5.3 percent of the Library's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining \$1,205,860, or 33.5 percent, represents unrestricted net position and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

	Change in Net Position		
	2020	2019	
Revenues			
Program Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$ 23,623	25,708	
Operating Grants/Contributions	70,763	54,003	
General Revenues			
Property Taxes	2,290,172	2,247,118	
Personal Property Replacement Taxes	92,378	84,392	
Interest	45,045	31,577	
Miscellaneous	31,587	49,918	
Total Revenues	2,553,568	2,492,716	
Expenses			
Culture and Recreation	2,679,194	2,600,226	
Change in Net Position	(125,626)	(107,510)	
Net Position-Beginning	3,725,091	3,832,601	
Net Position-Ending	3,599,465	3,725,091	

Net position of the Library's governmental activities decreased from \$3,725,091 to \$3,599,465.

Revenues of \$2,553,568 were short of expenses of \$2,679,194, resulting in the decrease to net position in the current year of \$125,626.

Governmental Activities

In the current year, governmental net position decreased \$125,626, a decrease of 3.4 percent. Property taxes increased \$43,054 over the prior year (\$2,247,118 in 2019 compared to \$2,290,172 in 2020) and personal property replacement taxes increased \$7,986 from the prior year (\$84,392 in 2019 compared to \$92,378 in 2020). Expenses increased in the current year (\$2,600,226 in 2019 compared to \$2,679,194 in 2020) mainly as a result of changes in the IMRF net pension liability/(asset) and related deferred items.

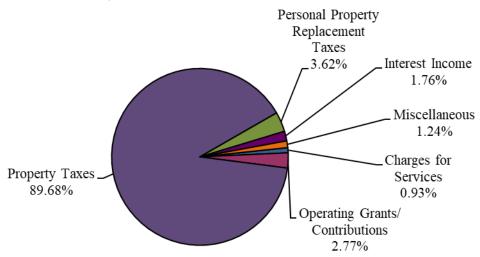
Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2020

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS – Continued

Governmental Activities - Continued

The following table graphically depicts the major revenue sources of the Library. It depicts very clearly the reliance of property taxes to fund governmental activities.





The 'Expenses and Program Revenues' Table identifies those governmental functions where program expenses greatly exceed revenues. The public library functions charge user fees for services provided. The user fees charged do not cover the expenses, which furthermore signifies the Library's reliance on general revenues such as property taxes and personal property replacement taxes.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental
Activities
June 30, 2020

Revenues
Expenses

3,000,000
2,500,000
1,500,000
1,000,000
500,000

Culture and Recreation

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2020

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Library uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds

The focus of the Library's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,482,258 which is 14.8 percent higher than last year's ending fund balance of \$1,291,286.

In the current year, governmental fund balances increased by \$190,972. The General Fund reported an increase of \$261,601, partially due to an increase in property taxes of \$46,282. The Special Reserve Fund reported a decrease of \$78,727, due to spending in the current year capital outlay. The Building and Maintenance Fund reported an increase of \$10,825 due to expenditures decreasing \$35,354.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, no supplemental amendments were made to the budget for the General Fund.

The General Fund actual revenues were lower than budgeted revenues. Actual revenues for the current year were \$2,210,749, compared to budgeted revenues of \$2,242,272. This resulted from lower than expected intergovernmental revenues.

The General Fund actual expenditures were lower than budgeted expenditures. Actual expenditures totaled \$1,949,148 while budgeted expenditures totaled \$2,148,650. This resulted primarily from lower than anticipated spending in personnel services expenditures in the current year.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The Library's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2020 was \$2,201,797 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings, equipment, furniture and fixtures, and library materials.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2020

CAPITAL ASSETS – Continued

The total decrease in the Library's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$252,878.

	Cap	Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation			
	2	020	2019		
Land	\$	93,896	93,896		
Construction in Progress		-	20,068		
Buildings	1,	272,157	1,480,954		
Equipment		78,184	86,416		
Furniture and Fixtures		14,639	16,775		
Library Materials	742,921 756,5				
Total	2,201,797 2,454,6				

This year's additions to capital assets included additions to the following:

Buildings	\$ 15,890
Library Materials	 163,844
	179,734

Additional information on the Library's capital assets can be found in Note 3 of this report.

DEBT ADMINSTRATION

The Library currently does not have any outstanding debt.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The Library's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal-year 2021 budget, including tax rates, and fees that will be charged for its various activities. One of those factors is the economy. The Library is faced with a similar economic environment as many of the other local municipalities are faced with, including inflation and unemployment rates.

As of the date of this report, the extent of the impact of COVID-19 on the Library's operations and financial position cannot be determined.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Library's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Zion-Benton Public Library District, 2400 Gabriel Avenue, Zion, IL 60099.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial Statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

- Government-Wide Financial Statements
- Fund Financial Statements

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

ASSETS	
Current Assets	
Cash and Investments	\$ 2,506,932
Receivables - Net of Allowances	
Property Taxes	1,361,533
Accrued Interest	 1,766
Total Current Assets	 3,870,231
Noncurrent Assets	
Capital Assets	
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	93,896
Depreciable Capital Assets	9,780,281
Accumulated Depreciation	 (7,672,380)
Total Capital Assets	2,201,797
Other Assets	
Net Pension Assets - IMRF	 79,110
Total Noncurrent Assets	 2,280,907
Total Assets	6,151,138
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Items - IMRF	 265,659
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	 6,416,797

LIABILITIES

Current Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	\$ 5,379
Accrued Payroll	33,577
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	10,425
Total Current Liabilities	49,381
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Compensated Absences Payable	 41,698
Total Liabilities	 91,079
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Taxes	2,349,017
Deferred Items - IMRF	377,236
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,726,253
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	 2,817,332
NET POSITION	
Investment in Capital Assets	2,201,797
Restricted	, ,
Insurance	30,048
Social Security	27,327
Audit	3,921
Illinois Municipal Retirement	67,287
Per Capita	7,015
Building and Maintenance	56,210
Unrestricted	 1,205,860
Total Net Position	 3,599,465

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Program	Revenues	Net (Expenses)/
		Charges		Revenues and
		for	Operating	Changes in
	Expenses	Services	Grants	Net Position
Governmental Activities	4.2.47 0.104	22 (22	70.762	(2.504.000)
Culture and Recreation	\$ 2,679,194	23,623	70,763	(2,584,808)
		General Revenue Taxes Property T Personal P Interest Miscellaneou	axes roperty Replacement	2,290,172 92,378 45,045 31,587 2,459,182
	(Change in Net Po	osition	(125,626)
]	Net Position - Be	eginning	3,725,091
		Net Position - Er	nding	3,599,465

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

	_		Projects		
	C 1	Special	Building and	.	TD 1
	General	Reserve	Maintenance	Nonmajor	Totals
ASSETS					
Cash and Investments	\$ 1,422,871	764,891	102,452	216,718	2,506,932
Receivables - Net of Allowances	. , ,	,	,	,	, ,
Property Taxes	1,185,911	_	63,759	111,863	1,361,533
Accrued Interest	1,766	-	-	-	1,766
Total Assets	2,610,548	764,891	166,211	328,581	3,870,231
LIABILITIES					
A	5 202			(12)	5.250
Accounts Payable	5,392	-	-	(13)	5,379
Accrued Payroll	33,577			(12)	33,577
Total Liabilities	38,969	-	-	(13)	38,956
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Property Taxes	2,046,020	-	110,001	192,996	2,349,017
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,084,989	-	110,001	192,983	2,387,973
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted	_	_	56,210	135,598	191,808
Committed	_	764,891	-	-	764,891
Unassigned	525,559	-	_	-	525,559
Total Fund Balances	525,559	764,891	56,210	135,598	1,482,258
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	2,610,548	764,891	166,211	328,581	3,870,231
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Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balance to the Statement of Net Position - Governmental Activities

June 30, 2020

Total Fund Balances	\$ 1,482,258
Amounts reported in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds.	2,201,797
Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources related to IMRF not reported in the funds. Deferred Items - IMRF	(111,577)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Compensated Absences Payable Net Pension Asset - IMRF	 (52,123) 79,110
Net Position	 3,599,465

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June $30,\,2020$

		Capital Projects			
		Special	Building and		
	General	Reserve	Maintenance	Nonmajor	Totals
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 2,094,606	-	109,219	178,725	2,382,550
Charges for Services	21,200	-	-	-	21,200
Intergovernmental	17,759	-	-	53,004	70,763
Fines and Forfeitures	2,423	-	-	-	2,423
Interest	45,045	-	-	-	45,045
Miscellaneous	29,716	-	-	1,871	31,587
Total Revenues	2,210,749	-	109,219	233,600	2,553,568
Expenditures					
Current					
Culture and Recreation	1,949,148	-	52,484	197,219	2,198,851
Capital Outlay	-	78,727	45,910	39,108	163,745
Total Expenditures	1,949,148	78,727	98,394	236,327	2,362,596
Net Change in Fund Balances	261,601	(78,727)	10,825	(2,727)	190,972
Fund Balances - Beginning as Restated	 263,958	843,618	45,385	138,325	1,291,286
	_				
Fund Balances - Ending	 525,559	764,891	56,210	135,598	1,482,258

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 190,972
Amounts reported in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital Outlays Depreciation Expense Disposals - Cost Disposals - Accumulated Depreciation	179,734 (432,612) (182,714) 182,714
The net effect of deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the pensions not reported in the funds. Change in Deferred Items - IMRF	(677,724)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. Change in Compensated Absences Payable Change in Net Pension Liability - IMRF	(10,546) 624,550
Changes in Net Position	 (125,626)

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Zion-Benton Public Library District (Library) of Illinois organized under Chapter 75 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes. It operates under the direction of a Board of Trustees and provides library facilities in the Zion area.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant of the Library accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the Library are described below.

REPORTING ENTITY

In determining the financial reporting entity, the Library complies with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Omnibus – an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34," and includes all component units that have a significant operational or financial relationship with the Library. Based upon the criteria set forth in the GASB Statement No. 61, there are no component units included in the reporting entity.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-Wide Statements

The Library's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Library as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Library's major funds). The Library only reports governmental activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activities are (a) presented on a consolidated basis, and (b) reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets/deferred outflows and receivables as well as long-term debt/deferred inflows and obligations. The Library's net position is reported in three parts: net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. The Library first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Library's functions. The functions are supported by general government revenues (property and personal property replacement taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, interest income, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, which include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

BASIS OF PRESENTATION – Continued

Government-Wide Statements – Continued

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (property and personal property replacement taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, interest income, etc.).

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Library as an entity and the change in the Library's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the Library are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories.

GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The Library electively added funds, as major funds, which either have debt outstanding or a specific or community focus. The nonmajor funds are combined in a single column in the fund financial statements. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Library or meets the following criteria:

Total assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and

Total assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds combined.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

BASIS OF PRESENTATION – Continued

Governmental Funds

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Library:

General Fund is the general operating fund of the Library. It accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the Library which are not accounted for in other funds. The General Fund is a major fund.

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The Library maintains five nonmajor special revenue funds.

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities. The Library maintains two major capital projects fund. The Special Reserve Fund is used to account for the costs of capital as the Board designates. Funding is generally from excess fund transfers from the General Fund. The Building and Maintenance Fund is used to account for special receipts and transfers from other Library funds used to pay for capital improvement, repair projects, and capital equipment not funded by other Library funds.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, governmental funds are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

Measurement Focus - Continued

All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

The accounting objectives of the "economic resources" measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability/deferred inflow is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets/deferred outflows, and liabilities/deferred inflows resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year-end. The Library recognizes property taxes when they become both measurable and available in accordance with GASB Codification Section P70. A sixty-day availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are recognized when due.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, interest revenue, and charges for services. All other revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

Cash and Investments

For purpose of the Statement of Net Position, the Library's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and cash with fiscal agent.

Investments are generally reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. For investments, the District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. All of the Library's investments are in 2a7-like investment pools that are measured at the net asset value per share determined by the pool.

Receivables

In the government-wide financial statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivables balances include property taxes.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflow/inflow of resources represents an acquisition/reduction of net position that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense)/inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$1,000, depending on asset class, are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY – Continued

Capital Assets - Continued

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the Library as a whole. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized. The valuation basis for general capital assets is historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement costs.

Depreciation on all assets is computed and recorded using the straight-line method of depreciation over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	25 Years
Equipment	10 Years
Furniture and Fixtures	25 Years
Library Materials	10 Years

Compensated Absences

The Library accrues accumulated unpaid vacation and associated employee-related costs when earned (or estimated to be earned) by the employee. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulation rights to receive sick pay benefits.

All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Investment in capital assets – Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

Restricted – Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislations.

Unrestricted – All other net position balances that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "investment in capital assets."

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Annual budgets are legally adopted and separately reported for all funds of the Library. The budget was passed on August 27, 2019.

The Library follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The Library Director requests draft budget proposals from the Management Team for staffing, materials, equipment, furnishing, supplies and services for their departments and prepares a budget proposal for library-wide items and the administration department.
- 2. The Library Director compiles this information and crates a preliminary budget.
- 3. The Library Director and Management Team go over the preliminary budget and make any necessary adjustments.
- 4. A second draft budget is prepared and is reviewed by the Library Director and Management Team.
- 5. The revised budget is then submitted to the budget committee, who goes over it and make any changes with the Library Director.
- 6. The budget is then presented to and reviewed by the Board at a public hearing and will make any final changes before approving the budget.

EXCESS OF ACTUAL EXPENDITURES OVER BUDGET IN INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

The following funds had an excess of actual expenditures over budget as of the date of this report:

Fund Fund	 Excess	
Per Capita Insurance	\$ 48,008 2,943	

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes for the 2019 levy attach as an enforceable lien on January 1, on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December of the subsequent fiscal year (by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance). Tax bills are prepared by the County and are collected in two installments in June and September. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically.

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Library maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the combined balance sheet as "cash and investments." In addition, investments are separately held by several of the Library's funds.

Permitted Deposits and Investments – Statutes authorize the District to make deposits/invest in commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, obligations of States and their political subdivisions, credit union shares, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, and Illinois Funds.

Illinois Funds is an investment pool managed by the Illinois Public Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. Illinois Funds is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. Investments in Illinois Funds are valued at the share price, the price for which the investment could be sold.

Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Concentration Risk, and Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits and Investments. At year-end, the carrying amount of the Library's deposits totaled \$2,491,021 and the bank balances totaled \$2,534,431. In addition, the Library has \$15,911 invested in the Illinois Funds at year-end which had an investment maturity of less than one year.

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Library's investment policy limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Concentration Risk, and Custodial Credit Risk - Continued

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Library's investment policy helps limit its exposure to credit risk by limiting investments to the types of securities permitted under Illinois Public Funds Investment Act, 30 ILCS 235/1 et. seq. and diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or from any one individual issuer will be minimized. At year-end, the Library's investments in the Illinois Funds were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

Concentration Risk. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Library's investment in a single issuer. The Library's investment policy does not mitigate concentration risk. At year-end, the Library does not have any investments over 5 percent of the total cash and investment portfolio (other than investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments).

Custodial Credit Risk. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Library's deposits may not be returned to it. The Library's investment policy safety of principal is the foremost objective of the Fund. The Library will maintain a list of public depositories, financial institutions, investment advisers and broker/dealers authorized to provide deposit and investment services. All public depositories, financial institutions, investment advisers and broker/dealers authorized to provide deposit and investment services must supply as appropriate, if requested, audited financial statements demonstrating compliance with state and federal capital adequacy guidelines.

At year-end, the entire amount of the bank balance of the deposits was covered by federal depository or equivalent insurance.

For an investment, this is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Library will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At year-end, the Library's investments in the Illinois Funds are not subject to custodial credit risk.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental Activities

Governmental capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	
	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances	
Nondepreciable Capital Assets					
Land	\$ 93,896	-	-	93,896	
Construction in Progress	20,068	-	20,068	-	
Ç	113,964	-	20,068	93,896	
Depreciable Capital Assets					
Buildings	6,101,284	15,890	-	6,117,174	
Equipment	1,762,965	20,068	-	1,783,033	
Furniture and Fixtures	71,598	-	-	71,598	
Library Materials	1,827,346	163,844	182,714	1,808,476	
	9,763,193	199,802	182,714	9,780,281	
Less Accumulated Depreciation					
Buildings	4,620,330	224,687	-	4,845,017	
Equipment	1,676,549	28,300	-	1,704,849	
Furniture and Fixtures	54,823	2,136	-	56,959	
Library Materials	1,070,780	177,489	182,714	1,065,555	
	7,422,482	432,612	182,714	7,672,380	
Total Net Depreciable Capital Assets	2,340,711	(232,810)	-	2,107,901	
Total Net Capital Assets	2,454,675	(232,810)	20,068	2,201,797	

Depreciation expense of \$432,612 was charged to the culture and recreation function.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT – Continued

Long-Term Liability Activity

	Beginning			Ending	Amounts Due within
Type of Debt	Balances	Additions	Deductions	Balances	One Year
Compensated Absences Net Pension Liability/(Asset) - IMRF	\$ 41,577 545,440	,	10,546 624,550	52,123 (79,110)	10,425
	587,017	21,092	635,096	(26,987)	10,425

The compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund. Payments for the net pension liability/(asset) are generally liquidated by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund.

Legal Debt Margin

Chapter 65, Section 5/8-5-1 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes provides, "...no municipality having a population of less than 500,000 shall become indebted in any manner or for any purpose, to an amount, including existing indebtedness in the aggregate exceeding 2.875% on the value of the taxable property therein, to be ascertained by the last assessment for state and county purposes, previous to the incurring of the indebtedness or, until January 1, 1983, if greater, the sum that is produced by multiplying the municipality's 1978 equalized assessed valuation by the debt limitation percentage in effect on January 1, 1979."

Assessed Valuation - 2019	\$ 628,220,517
Legal Debt Limit - 2.875% of Assessed Value	18,061,340
Amount of Debt Applicable to Limit	
Legal Debt Margin	18,061,340

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES

Net Investment in Capital Assets

Net investment in capital assets was comprised of the following as of June 30, 2020:

Governmental Activities Investment in Capital Assets

\$ 2,201,797

Fund Balance Classifications

The following is a schedule of fund balance classifications for the governmental funds as of the date of this report:

Camital Dualanta

	Capital Projects				
		Special	Building and		
	General	Reserve	Maintenance	Nonmajor	Totals
•					
Fund Balances					
Restricted					
Social Security	\$ -	-	-	27,327	27,327
Illinois Municipal Retirement	-	-	-	67,287	67,287
Audit	-	-	-	3,921	3,921
Per Capita	-	-	-	7,015	7,015
Building and Maintenance	-	-	56,210	-	56,210
Insurance	-	-	-	30,048	30,048
	-	-	56,210	135,598	191,808
Committed					
Capital Projects	-	764,891	_	_	764,891
Unassigned	525,559	-	-	-	525,559
Total Fund Balances	525,559	764,891	56,210	135,598	1,482,258

In the governmental fund financial statements, the Library considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The Library first utilizes committed, then assigned and then unassigned fund balance when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which all three unrestricted fund balances are available.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES – Continued

Fund Balance Classifications - Continued

Nonspendable Fund Balance. Consists of resources that cannot be spent because they are either: a) not in a spendable form; or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance. Consists of resources that are restricted to specific purposes, that is, when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance. Consists of resources constrained (issuance of an ordinance) to specific purposes by the government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Trustees; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest-level action to remove or change the constraint.

Assigned Fund Balance. Consists of amounts that are constrained by the Board of Trustees' intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by a) the Board of Trustees itself or b) a body or official to which the Board of Trustees has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The District's highest level of decision-making authority is the Board of Trustees, who is authorized to assign amounts to a specific purpose.

Unassigned Fund Balance. Consists of residual net resources of a fund that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned within the General Fund and deficit fund balances of other governmental funds.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy. The Library policy manual states that the General Fund should maintain minimum unassigned fund balance of 60% of the previous year's total final actual expenditures.

Fund Balance Restatement

Beginning fund balance was restated to separate the Insurance Fund, a special revenue fund, from the General Fund. The following is a summary of the fund balance as originally reported and as restated:

Fund Balance	As Reported		As Restated	Increase	
General	\$	297,325	263,958	(33,367)	
Insurance		-	33,367	33,367	

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Litigation

The Library is not involved in any lawsuits.

Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Library expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Financial Impact from COVID-19

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the COVID-19 virus a public health emergency. As of the date of this report, the extent of the impact of COVID-19 on the Library's operations and financial position cannot be determined.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Library is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters; and injuries to the Library's employees. The Library has purchased insurance from private insurance companies. Risks covered included certain types of liabilities and bonds. Premiums have been displayed as expenditures/expenses in appropriate funds. There were no significant changes in insurance coverages from the prior year and settlements did not exceed insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

The Library contributes to one defined benefit pension plans, the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), a defined benefit agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan as a whole, but not by individual employer. That report may be obtained online at www.imrf.org. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions, and employer contributions are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS) and can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) – Continued

Plan Descriptions

Plan Administration. All employees hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members. The plan is accounted for on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized when earned in the year that the contributions are required, benefits and refunds are recognized as an expense and liability when due and payable.

Benefits Provided. IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

IMRF provides two tiers of pension benefits. Employees hired *before* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired *on or after* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the *lesser* of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) – Continued

Plan Description – Continued

Plan Membership. As of December 31, 2019, the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Plan Members Currently Receiving Benefits	44
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	16
Active Plan Members	26
Tree-1	96
Total	86

Contributions. As set by statute, the Library's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. For the year-ended June 30, 2020, the Library's contribution was 6.33% of covered payroll.

Net Pension Liability. The Library's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2019. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed, as of December 31, 2019, using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Market
Actuarial Assumptions Interest Rate	7.25%
Salary Increases	3.35% - 14.25%
Cost of Living Adjustments	2.50%
Inflation	2.50%

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) – Continued

Plan Description – Continued

Actuarial Assumptions – Continued. For nondisabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality tables was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for nondisabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target	Rate of Return
Fixed Income	28.00%	3.25%
Domestic Equities	37.00%	5.75%
International Equities	18.00%	6.50%
Real Estate	9.00%	5.20%
Blended	7.00%	3.60% - 7.60%
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1.00%	1.85%

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%, the same as the prior evaluation. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that District contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all project future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all period of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the net pension liability/(asset) to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the pension liability/(asset) of the Library calculated using the discount rate as well as what the Library's net pension liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$ 697,497	(79,110)	(725,769)

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

		Total		
		Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension
		Liability	Net Position	Liability/(Asset)
		(A)	(B)	(A) - (B)
Balances at December 31, 2018	\$	6,734,387	6,188,947	545,440
Changes for the year:				
Service Cost		92,692	-	92,692
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		474,331	-	474,331
Difference Between Expected and Actual				
Experience of the Total Pension Liability		163,149	-	163,149
Changes of Assumptions		-	-	-
Contributions - Employer		-	49,186	(49,186)
Contributions - Employees		-	44,801	(44,801)
Net Investment Income		-	1,253,081	(1,253,081)
Benefit Payments, including Refunds				
of Employee Contributions		(476,463)	(476,463)	-
Other (Net Transfer)		-	7,654	(7,654)
Net Changes		253,709	878,259	(624,550)
Balances at December 31, 2019	_	6,988,096	7,067,206	(79,110)

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Library recognized pension expense of \$96,712. At June 30, 2020, the Library reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) – Continued

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – Continued

	 Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Totals
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 161,002	(12,628)	148,374
Changes in Assumptions	65,849	(30,456)	35,393
Net difference between projected and actual			
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	 -	(334,152)	(334,152)
Total Expenses to be			
Recognized in Future Periods	226,851	(377,236)	(150,385)
Pension Contributions Made Subsequent			
to the Measurement Date	 38,808	-	38,808
Total Deferred Amounts Related to IMRF	 265,659	(377,236)	(111,577)

\$38,808 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ended June 30, 2021. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

	Net Deferred
	Outflows/
Fiscal	(Inflows)
Year	of Resources
2021 2022	\$ (8,719) (29,648)
2023	51,576
2024 2025	(163,594)
Thereafter	
Total	(150,385)

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Library has evaluated its potential other post-employment benefits liability. Former employees who choose to retain their rights to health insurance through the Library are required to pay 100% of the current premium. However, there is minimal participation. As the Library provides no explicit benefit, and there is minimal participation, there is no material implicit subsidy to calculate in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. Therefore, the Library has not recorded a liability as of June 30, 2020.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Schedule of Employer Contributions
 Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund
- Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Information – Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Employer Contributions June 30, 2020

Fiscal Year	I	Actuarially Determined Contribution	in the I	ontributions Relation to Actuarially Determined Contribution	Contribution Excess/ Deficiency)	Covere Payro		Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	
2015 2016 2017 2018 2019	\$	124,456 118,378 120,018 85,517 64,729	\$	126,833 368,378 119,981 85,516 64,729	\$ 2,377 250,000 (37) (1)	\$ 994, 1,028, 998, 947, 965,	482 484 029	12.75% 35.82% 12.02% 9.03% 6.70%	

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level % Pay (Closed)
Remaining Amortization Period	24 Years
Asset Valuation Method	5-Year Smoothed Market, 20% Corridor
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	3.35% - 14.25%
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%
Retirement Age	See the Notes to the Financial Statements

Mortality IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015).

Note:

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information for additional years will be displayed as it becomes available.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability June 30, 2020

	 December 31, 2014
Total Pension Liability	
Service Cost	\$ 123,030
Interest	407,963
Changes in Benefit Terms	-
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	18,145
Change of Assumptions	272,644
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions	 (231,200)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	590,582
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	 5,493,596
Total Pension Liability - Ending	 6,084,178
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	
Contributions - Employer	\$ 126,833
Contributions - Members	54,321
Net Investment Income	330,258
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions	(231,200)
Other (Net Transfer)	 1,058
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	281,270
Plan Net Position - Beginning	 5,439,082
Plan Net Position - Ending	 5,720,352
Employer's Net Pension Liability	\$ 363,826
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	94.02%
Covered Payroll	\$ 994,854
Employer's Net Pension Liability as a Percentage	
of Covered Payroll	36.57%

Note:

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information for additional years will be displayed as it becomes available.

December 31, 2015	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2019
2013	2010	2017	2010	2019
116,564	109,731	97,913	87,557	92,692
449,032	460,888	473,921	463,037	474,331
-	-	-	-	-
(81,869)	(1,433)	(79,567)	112,086	163,149
-	(6,022)	(191,907)	164,939	-
(294,735)	(349,311)	(434,056)	(446,559)	(476,463)
188,992	213,853	(133,696)	381,060	253,709
6,084,178	6,273,170	6,487,023	6,353,327	6,734,387
0,001,170	0,270,170	0,:07,020	0,000,027	3,78 1,887
6,273,170	6,487,023	6,353,327	6,734,387	6,988,096
368,378	119,981	85,516	82,874	49,186
46,282	44,917	42,616	44,134	44,801
28,902	394,569	1,108,912	(459,448)	1,253,081
(294,735)	(349,311)	(434,056)	(446,559)	(476,463)
(10,487)	79,535	(157,782)	174,357	7,654
138,340	289,691	645,206	(604,642)	878,259
5,720,352	5,858,692	6,148,383	6,793,589	6,188,947
0,720,002	2,020,022	3,1 13,5 55	3,772,233	0,100,517
5,858,692	6,148,383	6,793,589	6,188,947	7,067,206
414,478	338,640	(440,262)	545,440	(79,110)
93.39%	94.78%	106.93%	91.90%	101.13%
1 000 400	000 404	0.47.020	000 750	005 640
1,028,482	998,484	947,029	980,750	995,648
40.30%	33.92%	(46.49%)	55.61%	(7.95%)
1 0.30/0	33.74/0	(+0.+7/0)	JJ.U1 /0	(1.75/0)

General Fund

	Budget Original and Final	Actual
Revenues		
Taxes	\$ 2,110,272	2,094,606
Charges for Services	28,000	21,200
Intergovernmental	54,000	17,759
Fines and Forfeitures	2,500	2,423
Interest	42,300	45,045
Miscellaneous	5,200	29,716
Total Revenues	2,242,272	2,210,749
Expenditures		
Culture and Recreation		
Personnel Services	1,442,950	1,333,312
Contractual Services	303,050	244,039
Materials, Supplies and Repairs	137,450	127,839
Library Materials	216,200	206,493
Miscellaneous	49,000	37,465
Total Expenditures	2,148,650	1,949,148
Net Change in Fund Balance	93,622	261,601
Fund Balance - Beginning as Restated		263,958
Fund Balance - Ending		525,559

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Such statements and schedules include:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Major Governmental Funds
- Combining Statements Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Nonmajor Governmental Funds

INDIVIDUAL FUND DESCRIPTIONS

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Fund account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than fiduciary funds or capital project funds) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

Social Security Fund

The Social Security Fund is used to account for revenues derived from a specific annual property tax levy and expenditures of these monies for payment of the employer's portion of Federal Social Security and Medicare taxes.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

The Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund is used to account for the Library's participation in the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund. Financing is provided by a specific annual property tax levy which produces a sufficient amount to pay the Library's contributions to the fund on behalf of its employees.

Audit Fund

The Audit Fund is used to account for revenues derived from a specific annual property tax levy and expenditures of these monies for the annual audit of the Library.

Per Capita Fund

The Per Capita Fund is used to account for grant funds received from the Illinois State Library based on the population of the City of Zion.

Insurance Fund

The Insurance Fund is used to account for the property/casualty insurance, including Directors/Officers insurance and also Notary Bonds. The Library is part of the Library Insurance Risk Agency.

INDIVIDUAL FUND DESCRIPTIONS

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds account for all resources used for the acquisition of capital facilities by a governmental unit except those financed by Proprietary and Trust Funds.

Special Reserve Fund

The Special Reserve Fund is used to account for the costs of capital as the Board designates. Funding is generally from excess fund transfers from the General Fund.

Building and Maintenance Fund

The Building and Maintenance Fund is used to account for special receipts and transfers from other Library funds used to pay for capital improvement, repair projects, and capital equipment not funded by other Library funds.

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budget Original and Final	Actual
Taxes		
Property Taxes	\$ 2,013,272	2,002,228
Replacement Taxes	97,000	92,378
	2,110,272	2,094,606
Charges for Services		
Book Sales	3,500	3,840
Photocopy Income	15,000	11,894
Supplies	1,000	709
Vending Income	3,000	1,270
Public Fax Income	5,500	3,487
	28,000	21,200
Intergovernmental		
Grants	54,000	17,759
Fines and Forfeitures	2,500	2,423
Interest	42,300	45,045
Miscellaneous		
Donations	3,000	2,253
Rebates	1,200	1,679
Other	1,000	25,784
	5,200	29,716
Total Revenues	2,242,272	2,210,749

General Fund

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budget Original and Final	Actual
Culture and Recreation		
Personnel Services		
Salaries	\$ 1,245,000	1,178,125
Recruitment	1,000	663
Group Health and Dental Insurance	155,000	130,793
Group Life Insurance	6,000	5,612
Employee, Volunteer and Other Recognition	3,250	3,913
Staff Association	1,500	1,251
Staff Training	24,450	8,868
Tuition Reimbursement	3,000	1,000
Professional Dues	3,750	3,087
	1,442,950	1,333,312
Contractual Services		
Outside Professional Services		
Legal Services	8,000	5,764
Accounting Services	10,000	9,425
Payroll Services	5,000	5,205
Investment Services	2,500	1,766
Collection Services	2,750	2,930
Consulting Services	31,500	10,440
Legal Notices	500	543
CCS	59,000	58,712
OCLC	5,000	4,871
Bank Fees	1,050	549
Credit Card Processing Fees	500	277
Fax Service Fees	850	706

General Fund

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual - Continued For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budget Original and Final	Actual
Culture and Recreation - Continued		
Contractual Services - Continued		
Utilities		
Electricity	\$ 52,000	39,983
Gas	10,500	10,012
Water	1,500	1,266
Waste	7,500	4,119
Telephone	2,000	2,190
Internet Services	13,000	14,205
Promotion and Publicity		
General	21,000	10,342
Adult	10,000	9,132
Young Adult	13,400	10,231
Youth	16,000	14,788
After School Project	1,500	219
Newsletter and Web Development	28,000	26,364
	303,050	244,039
Materials, Supplies and Repairs		
Meeting Supplies	750	885
General Library Supplies	14,000	22,038
Circulation and Outreach Supplies	5,000	6,127
Materials Processing Supplies	2,200	2,104
Maintenance Supplies	6,000	5,884
Outreach Supplies	500	81
Postage and Shipping	10,000	8,436
Repairs - Other Building, Technology, and Equipment	55,000	39,769
Repairs - LAN	44,000	42,515
	137,450	127,839

General Fund

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual - Continued For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budget Original and Final	Actual
Culture and Recreation - Continued Library Materials Books and Publications	\$ 216,200	206,493
Miscellaneous Other	49,000	37,465
Total Expenditures	2,148,650	1,949,148

Special Reserve - Capital Projects Fund

	Budget Original and Final	Actual
Revenues Interest	\$ -	-
Expenditures Capital Outlay	200,000	78,727
Net Change in Fund Balance	(200,000)	(78,727)
Fund Balance - Beginning		843,618
Fund Balance - Ending		764,891

Building and Maintenance - Capital Projects Fund

	Budget Original and Final	Actual
Revenues		
Property Taxes	\$ 110,000	109,219
Expenditures Culture and Recreation Contractual Services	59,000	52,484
Capital Outlay	51,000	45,910
Total Expenditures	110,000	98,394
Net Change in Fund Balance		10,825
Fund Balance - Beginning		45,385
Fund Balance - Ending		56,210

Nonmajor Governmental - Special Revenue Funds

Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2020

	Social Security	Illinois Municipal Retirement	Audit	Per Capita	Insurance	Totals
ASSETS						
Cash and Investments Receivables - Net of Allowances	\$ 64,316	98,804	6,024	7,015	40,559	216,718
Property Taxes	51,000	43,473	2,898	-	14,492	111,863
Total Assets	115,316	142,277	8,922	7,015	55,051	328,581
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	-	(13)	-	-	-	(13)
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Property Taxes	87,989	75,003	5,001	-	25,003	192,996
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	87,989	74,990	5,001	-	25,003	192,983
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted	27,327	67,287	3,921	7,015	30,048	135,598
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	115,316	142,277	8,922	7,015	55,051	328,581
Resources and Fund Darances	113,310	174,411	0,744	1,013	JJ,UJ1	320,301

Nonmajor Governmental - Special Revenue Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Illinois				
	Social	Municipal		Per		
	Security	Retirement	Audit	Capita	Insurance	Totals
To the state of th						
Revenues	Φ 00 2 52	7 4 <10	0.020		24.022	150 525
Property Taxes	\$ 89,362	54,610	9,930	-	24,823	178,725
Grant Income	-	-	-	53,004	-	53,004
Miscellaneous		-	-	-	1,871	1,871
Total Revenues	89,362	54,610	9,930	53,004	26,694	233,600
Expenditures						
Culture and Recreation						
Personnel Services	-	64,245	-	-	-	64,245
Insurance	-	-	-	-	30,013	30,013
Contractual Services	88,061	-	6,000	-	-	94,061
Library Materials	_	-	-	8,900	-	8,900
Capital Outlay	_	-	-	39,108	-	39,108
Total Expenditures	88,061	64,245	6,000	48,008	30,013	236,327
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,301	(9,635)	3,930	4,996	(3,319)	(2,727)
Fund Balances - Beginning						
as Restated	26,026	76,922	(9)	2,019	33,367	138,325
F 101 F "	27.227	67.00 7	2.021	7.017	20.040	105 500
Fund Balances - Ending	27,327	67,287	3,921	7,015	30,048	135,598

Social Security - Special Revenue Fund

		Budget Driginal nd Final	Actual
Revenues			
Property Taxes	\$	90,003	89,362
Expenditures Culture and Recreation Contractual Services			
FICA		92,500	88,061
Net Change in Fund Balance	_	(2,497)	1,301
Fund Balance - Beginning			26,026
Fund Balance - Ending			27,327

Illinois Municipal Retirement - Special Revenue Fund

	Budget Original nd Final	Actual_
Revenues		
Property Taxes	\$ 55,000	54,610
Expenditures Culture and Recreation Personnel Services District Share - IMRF	65,000	64,245
Net Change in Fund Balance	 (10,000)	(9,635)
Fund Balance - Beginning		76,922
Fund Balance - Ending		67,287

Audit - Special Revenue Fund

	Budget Original and Final	Actual
Revenues		
Property Taxes	\$ 10,002	9,930
Expenditures Culture and Recreation Contractual Services Audit	6,000	6,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	4,002	3,930
Fund Balance - Beginning		(9)
Fund Balance - Ending		3,921

Per Capita - Special Revenue Fund

	Budget Original and Final	Actual
Revenues		
Grant Income	\$ 53,004	53,004
Expenditures Culture and Recreation		
Library Materials	-	8,900
Capital Outlay		39,108
Total Expenditures		48,008
Net Change in Fund Balance	53,004	4,996
Fund Balance - Beginning		2,019
Fund Balance - Ending		7,015

Insurance - Special Revenue Fund

	Budget Original and Final		Actual	·
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$	25,001	24,823	3
Miscellaneous		2,100	1,871	1_
Total Expenditures		27,101	26,694	1
Expenditures Culture and Recreation Insurance		27,070	30,013	3
Net Change in Fund Balance		31	(3,319	€)
Fund Balance - Beginning as Restated			33,367	7
Fund Balance - Ending			30,048	3



Property Tax Assessed Valuations, Rates, Extensions, and Collections June $30,\,2020$

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
\$ 4	472,160,253	521,729,267	569,292,609	601,421,993	628,220,517
	0.3816	0.3606	0.3486	0.3348	0.3256
	0.0139	0.0160	0.0114	0.0150	0.0140
	0.0256	0.0169	0.0149	0.0091	0.0119
	0.0193	0.0173	0.0183	0.0183	0.0175
	0.0011	0.0009	0.0014	0.0017	0.0007
	0.0032	0.0023	0.0009	0.0042	0.0039
	0.4440	0.4120	0.2055	0.2020	0.2726
_	0.4448	0.4139	0.3955	0.3830	0.3736
\$	1,801,792	1,881,538	1,984,691	2,013,266	2,046,020
	65,777	83,247	65,002	90,003	87,989
	120,916	88,146	85,001	55,000	75,003
	91,344	90,103	104,004	110,000	110,001
	5,099	4,899	8,004	10,002	5,001
	15,303	11,755	5,004	25,001	25,003
	2,100,231	2,159,688	2,251,706	2,303,272	2,349,017
		\$ 472,160,253 0.3816 0.0139 0.0256 0.0193 0.0011 0.0032 0.4448 \$ 1,801,792 65,777 120,916 91,344 5,099 15,303	\$ 472,160,253 521,729,267 0.3816 0.3606 0.0139 0.0160 0.0256 0.0169 0.0193 0.0173 0.0011 0.0009 0.0032 0.0023 0.4448 0.4139 \$ 1,801,792 1,881,538 65,777 83,247 120,916 88,146 91,344 90,103 5,099 4,899 15,303 11,755	\$ 472,160,253 521,729,267 569,292,609 0.3816 0.3606 0.3486 0.0139 0.0160 0.0114 0.0256 0.0169 0.0149 0.0193 0.0173 0.0183 0.0011 0.0009 0.0014 0.0032 0.0023 0.0009 \$ 1,801,792 1,881,538 1,984,691 65,777 83,247 65,002 120,916 88,146 85,001 91,344 90,103 104,004 5,099 4,899 8,004 15,303 11,755 5,004	\$ 472,160,253 521,729,267 569,292,609 601,421,993 0.3816 0.3606 0.3486 0.3348 0.0139 0.0160 0.0114 0.0150 0.0256 0.0169 0.0149 0.0091 0.0193 0.0173 0.0183 0.0183 0.0011 0.0009 0.0014 0.0017 0.0032 0.0023 0.0009 0.0042 \$ 1,801,792 1,881,538 1,984,691 2,013,266 65,777 83,247 65,002 90,003 120,916 88,146 85,001 55,000 91,344 90,103 104,004 110,000 5,099 4,899 8,004 10,002 15,303 11,755 5,004 25,001